

THE NEWS
VOL. XIV—NO. 116.
RALEIGH, N. C. FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1879.
\$5.00 PER ANNUM

It will take several hundred more subscribers to offset the \$10,000, the News has saved the people in the bill to reduce the price of the public printing. And the cry is, "they come."

THE OFFICE-HOLDERS may defeat the News for the public printing, but it cannot be muzzled into silence on the people's great question of retrenchment. While it lives, and it expects to long outlive its defamers, it shall be the "bold tribune of the people."

A Correction.
Messrs. Editors: In your editorial column of this morning appears the following paragraph:
"The printers union, under the intrepid leadership of Broughton's job office, I believe a resolution in the House yesterday to the speaker's table letting the public printing to the lowest bidder."

I desire to state that the above is incorrect, so far as relates to myself. Raleigh, Jan., 15.

[The News very cheerfully gives space to the above. It is remote from our intention to do any one injustice. The publication of which Mr. Broughton complains, was based on information which the News considered reliable. Ed.]

Public Printing.
The News bows very gracefully to the action of the caucus last night in awarding the contract for the State printing to another paper. I am content with the State has been faithfully executed.

Its official robes are laid aside without a tarnish.

Now, as before, the News will freely criticize public men and measures.

Now, as before, the News will be the outspoken and fearless "tribune of the people."

Now, as before, the News will advocate and defend party organization at whatever peril.

In accepting official appointment two years ago, the News did not surrender its independence and manhood as a public journal.

The News tenders congratulations to its successful rival.

SENATORIAL SOLVENTS.
Wilmington Star.
Senator Merrimon did not have sufficient strength in the party to give him the caucus nomination. By consequence the Senator withdrew from a hopeless conflict. Let every flickering or smouldering remnant of the late fires be extinguished. Let there be no more Vanceism or Merrimonism in North Carolina, but instead let there be a State-wide, heart-whole Democracy.

Wilmington Star.
The strain has been terrible; the contest has been heated and angry. Let the dead past bury its dead. Now for victory in 1880.

Goldboro Messenger.
Then let us accept Judge Merrimon's letter of withdrawal as the sincere symbol of his loyalty to party and party organization—let the past bury the past.

Durham Plant.
Senator Merrimon's withdrawal settles a question that has caused more disturbance in the Democratic party than all others and we are glad to have it closed.

Winston Sentinel.
He was influenced to this move to preserve the harmony and integrity of the party. He is to-day one of the most popular men in the State, and the State has no truer son, or the party a more devoted member, and high honors yet await him.

Goldsboro Patriot.
His letter withdraws him from the senatorial contest in the interests of the harmony and unity of the party. We are heartily glad as it closes the breach and stops a war, &c.

Wilmington Review.
Senator Merrimon's letter to the Democratic caucus has a pleasant sound and expresses the right sentiment, and the distinguished gentleman may rest assured that he has not lost anything in the favor of affection of the people thereby.

Charlotte Observer.
If, as stated in the letter, Senator Merrimon's actual desire was "not to disturb" the quiet and harmony of the Democratic party by further contest over the senatorship" his course is patriotic, and deserves to be mentioned in terms of praise. In the nomination of Gov. Vance "the party has reassured its integrity."

Wilmington Star.
"The people of North Carolina will watch his career with singular interest. If he should sustain himself in the United States Senate with as much success as has distinguished his career in other fields he will add fresh leaves to his crown of laurel, and reflect more honor upon his native North Carolina. We believe this will be the case."

Wilmington Star.
"The main thing for the success of the Democratic party in North Carolina is to have harmony restored. Let

"the bitter feelings that have sprung from an unusually protracted and violent contest pass away with the triumph of Vance. Such must be the desire of every man who really has at heart the welfare of North Carolina and the triumph of Democratic principles, upon which depend so much of personal prosperity, national honor and glory, of the safety and perpetuity of Republican institutions on this continent."

CONGRESS.

The Pension Bill—Window's Bill about Negro Migration—Rebuilding the Mississippi Levees.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—SENATE.—The Senate passed a bill granting arrears of pensions to persons entitled thereto, dating from the time of death or discharge from service. It will require about eighteen millions to pay such arrears. The bill was passed as it came from the House, without amendment.

In the Senate Mr. Windom, of Minn., submitted the following: Resolved, That with a view to the peaceful adjustment of all questions relating to suffrage and to the effectual enforcement of constitutional and natural rights, and the promotion of the best interests of the whole country by elimination of sectionalism from politics, a committee of Senators, to be appointed by the chair and charged with the duty of enquiring as to the expediency and practicability of encouraging and promoting by all just and proper methods a partial migration of colored persons from those States and congressional districts, where they are not allowed to freely and peacefully exercise and enjoy their constitutional rights as American citizens, into such States as may desire to receive them, and will protect them in such rights, or into such territory or territories of the U. S., as may be provided for their use and occupation, and if said committee shall deem such migration expedient and practicable that they report by bill or otherwise what in their judgment is the most effective method of accomplishing that object, and that said committee have leave to sit during the recess.

Let one of the table for the present at the request of Windom. He gave notice that he would call it up soon for the purpose of submitting some remarks in regard thereto.

On the 16th the House is in a Committee of the Whole on the bill for the improvement of the Mississippi levees. The proposed Mississippi river improvement commission, to consist of persons appointed by the President, is to have charge of its surveys of that river, and to consider plans and estimates for improvements in its navigation and protection of its alluvial lands.

On congressional approval of the plans the Secretary of War shall cause improvements to be made. The bill appropriates two hundred and fifty thousand dollars for salaries, and the committee which reported it has adopted an amendment appropriating three million eight hundred thousand dollars for strengthening the levees. Mr. Gibson gave notice that he would offer as a substitute an amendment appropriating two and a half million dollars for the improvement of the Mississippi, under the direction of the Chief Engineer of the army, Robert S. L. Johnson, of Mass., spoke in favor of the bill. Further debate was postponed until Wednesday next. The vote will be taken Thursday.

Dorsey, of Ark., submitted a resolution directed to the Secretary of the Treasury for a statement of all appropriations and expenditures from the National Treasury, for the purpose of paying expenses of the Indian department, from July 1st 1870 to June 30th, 1873. Agreed to.

Opposing Federal Authority.
By Telegraph.
MONTGOMERY, January 17.—In the Senate of Alabama the following resolutions were adopted:
"WHEREAS interference by officers of the United States in popular elections is justly regarded by the people of this State as an evil of great magnitude;
"WHEREAS, such interference in part, at least, is to influence and control the action of the State in selecting electors for President and Vice President of the United States;
"Resolved, That the Committee on Foreign Relations be instructed to enquire into the expediency of providing by law, for the selection of electors for President and Vice President, by the General Assembly, until the acts of Congress authorizing interference by Federal authority are repealed."

Brief Telegrams.
By Telegraph.
Martin Bergin, the 9th Middle Marylander, was at Pottsville, Pa., yesterday.

In France the political crisis is the topic of conversation. The cause is the conflict in regard to the cabinet ministers. The left of the Assembly will have none but Republicans in office, and is disposed to remove generals of the army not Republican. The situation is grave in all its aspects.

The Report that Bishop Purcell had resigned is denied, and the Cincinnati press says it is false.

Heavy snow storms are again blocking the railroads in New York State.

Burned Off the Coast.
By Telegraph to the News.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The signal corps station at Kitty Hawk, reports the bark Success, Capt. Habrey, owned by George F. Yewell, from Wilmington, N. C., loaded with naval stores, bound to Hamburg, sunk 17 miles south of Kitty Hawk, at 6 a. m., on the 15th. The crew was saved. She was in a sinking condition and was run ashore. She is now sunk about three hundred yards from the beach.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SENATE.

January 16th.
President Jarvis called the Senate to order.

The session was opened with prayer by Rev. Father White of the city.

PETITIONS.
By Mr. Dillard: A petition from citizens of Leaksville Township, Rockingham county, asking the General Assembly to order an election submitting to the voters of said township the proposition to raise \$20,000 to the Danville and Yadkin R. R. Calendar and referred to committee on Internal Improvements.

The Judiciary and other committees submitted reports.

RESOLUTIONS.
By Mr. King: A resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the power of the Legislature to regulate the freights on Rail Roads. Calendar.

By Mr. Robinson: A resolution to raise a joint committee on Federal Relations, to consist of three members of the Senate and five on the part of the House. The rules were suspended and the resolution passed its several readings and was ordered to be sent to the House without engrossment.

By Mr. Epper: A resolution in regard to "Moffett Bell Punch," instructing the Finance Committee to report a bill or otherwise on the subject.

BILLS.
By Mr. Dorch: A bill to be entitled an act to provide some remedy for sureties. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Everett: A bill to prevent certain persons from receiving passes on Rail Roads. (The bill makes it indictable for State officers and members of the Legislature to receive passes on Rail Roads). Referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Stewart: A bill to be entitled an act to regulate the holding of the terms of Cumberland Superior Court. (The bill abolishes the January term of said court). Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. McEachern: A bill to be entitled an act to incorporate the Bennington and Harnett Railroad Company. Referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Shackelford: A bill to be entitled an act concerning the service of summons by publication (the bill provides that if the clerk of the court having jurisdiction of the case, or a deputy setting forth the fact and reason why such publication is essential in any newspaper published in or near to the county seat, where such suit is brought). Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Ross: A bill to be entitled an act to make it a misdemeanor to obtain goods under false representations. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Shackelford: A bill to be entitled an act to amend section 1st, chapter 219, laws of 1876-77. Referred to Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. King: A bill to be entitled an act to authorize the employment of convict labor on the Wilson and Tar River Narrow-gauge Railroad. Referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Williamson: A bill to be entitled an act in regard to money deposited in the State Treasury. Referred to Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Anderson: A bill to be entitled an act to amend Chapter 233 Laws of 1876-77. Conferring upon the Judges of Superior Courts jurisdiction of the Superior Courts of Cumberland county abolishing the January Term of the said Court, was taken up and passed its several readings.

A message from the House informing the Senate of the passage by that body the bill to be entitled an act to amend the Laws of 1876-77 so as to abolish the office of State Geologist. Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. Ormond moved that the resolution enquiring as to the right of Joseph J. Waldo to a seat in the Senate be taken up, and the bill entitled an act to regulate the holding of the Superior Courts of Cumberland county abolishing the January Term of the said Court, was taken up and passed its several readings.

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CALENDAR.
Resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to enquire whether it is practicable or constitutional for the Legislature to pass a bill to regulate freights on railroads. Passed second reading.

Upon motion of Mr. Robinson, the rules were suspended and the resolution raising a joint select committee on Federal Relations was considered by the Senate, and passed its several readings by a vote of 30 yeas to 18 nays.

Mr. Caldwell asked to be excused from serving on the Committee of State Debt. The question was submitted to the Senate, and the Senate refused to excuse Mr. Caldwell.

The bill to punish the abduction of children under eighteen years of age was considered by the Senate. Mr. King moved to amend by inserting twenty in the place of eighteen. Lost.

By Mr. Ormond moved to amend the bill by adding, that this bill do not apply to persons who abduct girls with a view to marriage. Mr. Everett said the amendment of the bill by the amendment of the gentlemen from Green in behalf of the committee, he would say that we daily considered it and come to the conclusion "that a sweet girl graduate with golden hair," or a girl about to step from the threshold of one of our female institutions needed more of all the protection of this bill. A

girl under eighteen years of age needed the calm and advisory voice of deliberate and experienced judgment. The fellow who parts his hair behind and in the middle with a whole barber shop of perfume, kid-gloves and walking-stick and absolutely bankrupt in dollars and brains most easily captured and betrayed young unsuspecting victims. Around these this bill throws parental protection and I hope the amendment will be voted down. The amendment was submitted to the Senate and lost. The bill passed its several readings.

A bill in regard to practices in criminal actions, (this bill provides that an indictment shall not be quashed on the ground that any one of the grand jury who found the same was a party to an action at issue pending in the court or had not paid his taxes.) The rules were suspended and the bill passed its several readings.

The bill to make slander of women indictable, under the suspension of the rules was taken up and passed its several readings.

The bill entitled an act to restore to judgment debtors, the exemption to which they were entitled, previous to the constitution of 1868, under the suspension of the rules passed its several readings.

The bill to prevent the stealing of the bodies of the dead passed its second reading.

The bill to revise and digest the public statutes of the State was taken up and placed on its second reading. Mr. Mebane offered an amendment. Lost. (The bill provides that the Governor shall appoint three commissioners to revise and digest the public statutes of the State and report to the next General Assembly.) The bill passed its several readings.

The bill to permit defendants in indictments for rape, assault, with intent to commit rape, to be examined as witnesses at their request, was placed upon its second reading. Mr. Davidson said that he should vote for the bill, the only objection he had to it being that it did not go far enough. He favored the enactment of a statute applying the principle of the bill to all criminal actions. The present law is that the defendant in a criminal action is not a competent witness. The bill is a growing sentiment with intelligent people that will soon compel us to recognize the principle. Such a law will in the near future find a place in our statutes, and it will be better to do that now, gracefully, which will be a law sooner or later by the overwhelming voice of public opinion. The rules were suspended and the bill passed its several readings.

The bill to allow foremen of grand juries to administer oaths and affirmations passed its second reading.

The bill to make incest indictable passed its several readings.

Upon motion of Mr. Ormond the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
Wednesday, Jan. 16, 1879.
The House was called to order by Mr. Speaker Moring promptly at 10 o'clock.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Turner asked and obtained leave to record his vote in the affirmative on the bill to abolish the office of State Geologist.

PETITIONS.
By Mr. Bost, petition from citizens of Rowan praying the passage of the stock law for said county.

By Mr. Turner, petition from citizens of Wake county, praying for a law to prohibit the sale of liquors within three miles of certain churches in Wake county. Propositions and Grievances.

REPORTS.
Messrs. Woodhouse, Norment, Covington, Lockhart and Cooke made reports of their respective standing committees.

RESOLUTIONS.
By Mr. McAndrew, resolution to extend the jurisdiction of the Inferior Courts to civil matters. Referred to the committee.

By Mr. Holt, resolution in regard to chapter 204, laws of 1876-77. Calendar.

By Mr. Turner, resolution concerning a robbery of the State. Calendar.

BILLS.
The following named bills were introduced, read and passed first time and were referred or otherwise disposed of as follows:
By Mr. Scott, bill to relieve merchants and traders in certain cases. Finance.

By Mr. Burroughs, bill to protect game in Granville county. Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Armstrong, bill to incorporate the Hargraw Male and Female Academy in Funder. Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Harrell, bill to legalize certain acts of the Board of Commissioners of Wilkes county. Judiciary.

By Mr. Jones, bill to prevent felling timber on certain streams in Caldwell county. Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Lindsay, bill to allow Madison township to subscribe to a railroad. Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Click, bill to prevent the sale of liquors in two miles of New Salem Church in Iredell county. Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Click, bill to secure the better drainage of certain lowlands. Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Lewis, bill to prevent the felling of timber on certain portions of Swift creek. Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Anderson, bill to repeal chapter 65, Laws 1876-77. Railroads, Postroads, &c.

By Mr. Anderson, bill to repeal the law in relation to the payment of jurors in Alleghany and Clay counties. Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Goldston, bill to change the name of the Western Railroad company and to authorize its consolidation with certain other roads. Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Mebane, bill in regard to costs in civil suits. Judiciary.

By Mr. Holt, bill to amend section 12, chapter 104, Laws of 1876-77. Railroads, Postroads, &c.

By Mr. Wimberly, bill to amend the county government act. Counties, Cities, &c.

By Mr. Dunn, bill to incorporate Kinston Fire Company No. 1. Corporations.

Mr. Turner by consent introduced a resolution to print an extra number of the rules, which was read and placed on the calendar.

And Mr. Ellison, also, by consent, introduced a resolution of instruction to the Committee on Judiciary, which was read and referred to that committee.

Mr. Norment asked that the order here made referring a bill to the Committee on Judiciary, which was referred to the Committee on the Internal Affairs be stricken out, and that the bill be referred to the Committee on Judiciary. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Amis moved to suspend the rules and take up H. B. 58, bill to remedy a failure to levy taxes by the Commissioners of Granville county. (Allows Commissioners to levy taxes now instead of at the proper time.) Motion prevailed.

Bill read this time and passed. Yeas 101, nays 0.

Indefinite leave of absence was granted to Mr. Robinson on account of sickness in his family.

Messrs. Reid, of Macon, and White were detained from their seats by sickness.

Mr. York moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill to establish normal schools in the several congressional districts. The motion prevailed. The question then recurring on the motion to print, it was discussed by Messrs. York, Vaughan, Reynolds, Christmas and Blocker and the House refused to print.

The chair announced the House branch of the joint select committee on public debt, as follows: Messrs. Brown, of Mecklenburg; Caldwell, of Cabarrus; Foard, of Cooke; Orchard, of Cobb; Hines and Clarke.

Message was received from the Governor with report of W. L. Saunders, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, State University, informing the Governor of vacancies in that body. On motion it was sent to the Senate, with a proposition to go into an election tomorrow.

H. B. 29, to amend section 5, chapter 156, laws 1876-77, passed its second reading.

H. B. 11, to amend section 237, chapter 17, Battle's Revision was laid on the table.

H. B. 12, to repeal privilege tax on merchants and traders, was laid on the table.

H. B. 8, to repeal chapter 206, laws of 1876-77, passed its second and third readings.

H. B. 13, to amend chapter 141, section 5, laws 1876-77, was tabled.

The House adjourned at 2 p. m., until tomorrow at 10 o'clock.

H. B. 48, To allow commissioners of Caldwell to levy special tax. Read and failed to pass. Yeas 80, nays 80. Mr. Jones moved to reconsider. Motion prevailed. He then moved a reference to the committee on Judiciary. Allowed.

Message from the Senate with H. B. 127, to abolish January term of Cumberland Superior court. Calendar.

Resolution to raise joint committee on Federal Relations. Calendar.

Substitute for H. B. to amend section 140, chapter 105, Battle's Revision. Finance.

Resolution to raise committee on W. N. C. R. Calendar.

Resolution to pay Senators Waddell and Everett, for services on State Board of Censors. Calendar.

Bill to abolish January term of Cumberland Superior court was taken up and passed its second and third readings.

Resolution to raise a committee on W. N. C. R. and an insane asylum, was taken up and the substitute concurred in.

Resolution to raise a committee on the State's interest in public works, was taken up and adopted.

Virginia and Her Creditors.
VIRGINIA tells her creditors plainly that settlement of her debt is only possible within her present revenue:

Whereas in the estimation of the General Assembly it is desirable that such a speedy, just and final settlement of the public debt should be consummated as will bring the payment of the interest assumed thereon within ability of the Commonwealth; and whereas this General Assembly, at its last session, in "an act to provide for the consideration of the public debt and the payment of an uniform rate of interest thereon, approved March 1st, 1878, did command and direct the holders of the large portion of the bonds of the Commonwealth, have, through the Governor suggested terms of settlement which in their opinion, would be acceptable to a very large majority, if not the whole of the holders of Virginia securities, which terms will not, in the judgment of the General Assembly, be acceptable to the people of the Commonwealth, because of the impracticability of increasing the present rate of taxation, and in view of the greatly reduced resources of the State; and be anxious to do all consistent with what is believed to be the interest of the State and its creditors to adjust, if possible, the differences existing between the proposition made by the General Assembly at its last session, and the several propositions to be made by the holders of the public debt, and whereas the prospects of such a settlement as will be acceptable to both the people of the Commonwealth and the holders of the bonds of the State may be promoted by a direct interview between their respective representatives; therefore

Resolved by the General Assembly, That the Governor be authorized to request the presiding officer of the Council of Foreign Bondholders of London, England, Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co., Messrs. L. G. & G. Ward, Messrs. de Rothschild, Mr. August Belmont, Messrs. Brown Brothers & Co., Messrs. Richard Irwin & Co., Messrs. M. F. and Mr. Hugh W. Oullock, or the authorized representatives of said persons, and such other creditors of the Commonwealth, or their representatives, as may desire to be present, to meet this General Assembly in the city of Richmond on the 22d day of January, 1879, for the purpose of conferring upon the subject of an adjustment of the public debt.

"The Half-Timer"—an article giving American boys and girls a glimpse of child life in the great factories of the Mills of England—is promised for the forthcoming number of ST. NICHOLAS. It is written by Mr. CHARLES BARNARD, author of the articles on "Co-operation" in English Manufacturing Cities, which were printed in ST. NICHOLAS MONTHLY for May and June, 1878.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Merchants Purchase Tax.

WINSTON, Jan. 14th, 1879.
GENTLEMEN: In all your able and pointed articles on reform, retrenchment and qualification of raising revenue you have failed to mention one unjust and iniquitous mode of taxation enacted, if I mistake not, by the Legislature of 1878 and perpetuated by the succeeding Democratic Legislature. I refer to what is known as the Merchants Purchase Tax which is contrary to common sense and in direct opposition to the principles of a Republican form of Government. I will illustrate from tax receipts before me for the year 1878.

A, a merchant in Winston with a capital of \$7500.00.
His State tax is 38 cents on the \$100.00, 28.50
County tax 20 cents on the \$100.00, 15.00
Town tax 15 cents on the \$100.00, 11.25
His purchases with his \$7500.00 capital, on which he is liable for a purchase tax during the year, \$23,600.00.
State purchase tax of 10 cts on the \$100.00, 23.60
County purchase tax of 10 cts on the \$100.00, 23.60
Town purchase tax of 5 cts on the \$100.00, 11.80
Privilege tax, 10.00
Sheriff and Registers fees on purchase tax, 150

Total tax for 12 months on \$7500.00, \$125.25
Or 16.7 cents on the \$100.00 invested in business.

B, is owner of real estate which he rents for from 15 to 20 per cent. on its real value and which is assessed at less than two-thirds of its cash value and on a like sum of \$7500.00 he pays
State tax of 38 cents on the \$100.00, 28.50
County tax of 20 cents on the \$100.00, 15.00
Town tax of 15 cents on the \$100.00, 11.25

Total tax on \$7500.00 assessed real estate, \$54.75
Or 7.3 cents on the \$100.00. Not half as much as A pays.

Now is it right to tax A \$1.67 on the \$100.00 because he puts his money into the mercantile business and only tax B 7.3 cents on the \$100.00, because he sees fit to invest his money in real estate and then assess B's property at less than two-thirds its value and make A swear to the actual value of his stock and assess it at its full value. Where is the justice in making a merchant pay more than double the tax that a real estate owner pays? In speaking to a then prominent State official about this matter, he said the merchants and traders were a miserable set and that they as a rule voted the Democratic ticket anyhow and that we were obliged to raise the Revenue and if we could raise it out of the merchants and let them make it out of the farmers. We would despoil the farmers and make them believe their taxes had been reduced, while in fact they were paying as much or more than ever without knowing it. The Democratic party ought to be above such partiality.

The extra taxes come out of the merchants legitimate profits which are so reduced by taxes, insurance, rents and competition that he is hardly able to make a fair rate of interest on his capital. Let this Legislature do away with all these extra and double taxes on merchants and traders and put all on an equal footing and reduce salaries, fees and taxes and then we will have better times. I heartily approve the course the News is pursuing and

Remain yours, &c.,
GEO. W. HINSHAW.

"Loyal and True."
Richmond (Va.) State.
Z. B. Vance will once more be elected United States Senator from North Carolina. This time he will go through, as he is no longer disabled, but a "loyal and true" American, and the peer of any man in the Senate.

Lady (calling on intimate friend, who is married and has only one servant): "Is your mistress at home, Sarah?" Sarah: "No, mum." Lady: "Then will you kindly say that I called to see if she could come and spend the evening with us." Sarah: "Oh, no, mum, I am sure she can't, 'cause it's my turn out."

A Georgia man changed his residence eight times in eleven months, and the last time his wife said she didn't even care to go to Heaven, for about the time she got fixed up and learned where the water was and everything, her husband would want to move.

There are two things in this country that puzzle many minds. One is why when a lady is half clothed she is said to be in full dress, and the other is why a gentleman is in full dress when he has the same style of clothes as the waiter that attends him.

The Waco, Texas, Examiner wants to form a society of two hundred farmers who will devote a portion of their land to the culture of tobacco.

Senator Lamar will have an article on "The relations of the South to American politics" in this month's number of the Southern Monthly, now published at Richmond.

Beware of New Remedies advertised for Coughs and do not waste your money for a trial, when you know that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup has stood the popular test for thirty years. Price, 25 cents.

Consignments of Cotton.
Our facilities for handling consignments of cotton are such as to enable us to guarantee the highest market price in every instance. Farmers will find it to their advantage to ship to us. Correspondence solicited.
M. T. NORMAN & CO., Raleigh, N. C.

For Sale.
A very large draft mule, or will exchange for two other mules. Apply at once to L. R. Wyatt, Wilmington Street.

Oranges Just from the Grove.
The choicest Florida Oranges, direct from the Grove on the St. John's River, are just received by Royster & Bro. They are the finest ever shown here, and unequalled for quality or flavor. Do not fail to call early to secure these luscious fruits.

Unheard of Bargains!

AT THE INDISPENSABLE ENGRAVERS TO PLEASE THE PUBLIC. SO HERE GOES.

Ye menses mine, inspire my pen, To sing of Fayetteville street, No 10, who tries his best to please his friends, And in his labors never ends, Bargains he'll give you when you call For No. 10 is all and all. Or other houses, whether they talk; In Fayetteville street just take a walk, And only ask for No. 10. Kept by the most ingenious of men, And when his friends by chance drop in Then forth he comes, Lord what a grin, And to their wondering eyes displays Such heaps of brackets and window shades, His pictures are exposed to public view And a variety of cord to suspend them too.

His looking glasses and toilet cases Will help adorn your forms and faces; Picture frames and moldings too In great variety, black, brown and blue. His window cornices and lambrequins fine, will make you rooms and parlor shine. Perforated mottoes, and white holly baskets, And every other sort of stuff, Of which he hopes to have a touch. So now he bids your all adieu And wishes a happy new year too. And not forget

C. C. Clawson,
No. 1 Fayetteville St.

On the European Plan.
One of the best places in the city is the Higgs House, on Hargett and Salisbury streets, which is open at all hours. There are to be found choice game, oysters and delicacies of the season. The house has attained note for the excellence of its cuisine and its many merits have made it very popular here.

The Smokers' Paradise.
The delights of this edifice have been sung by many of the devotees of the weed. But those are so competent to speak of it, as those who purchase their tobacco and cigars from the elegant little store of F. Grandler, opposite the postoffice.

On Hand.
Patapsco Family Flour, South Carolina Family Flour, Orange Grove Extra Flour, Baltimore Family Flour, Bolted Virginia Corn Meal, Marshall's Liverpool Salt, Clear Rib Bulk Meat, Egerton's Scotch Stewing, For sale at wholesale by W. H. Dodd.

Take Notice!
C. Weikel, the well known merchant tailor, will, on the first of January 79, move to the store No. 26, on Fayetteville street, formerly occupied by Monie, the grocer.

Moved.
Mr. S. D. Watt General Agent of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, has removed his office to the Mahler building, where he will be glad to welcome the many members and friends of the Company.

This Company gives a person simply Life Insurance, requiring only so much cash as is needed to cover the actual current cost of his policy in each year. Notwithstanding the scarcity of money there have been more new policies issued for this agency last year, than the one previous.

Okey, the Barber.
Since he was burnt out, has fitted up in usually tasteful style, the basement floor of the Bagley building, front room and has one of the coziest and best kept barber saloons in the city.

Convenient, Cheap and Good.
The Old City or Cooke's Hotel is now under the charge of Mr. S. P. Horton, who has made arrangements to furnish the public with comfortable quarters, good board and the best attention at a low rate. It will pay you to call and see him.

Wanted to Rent.
A small house, well-improved and conveniently located. Apply at this office.

The Senate and House have agreed and resolved to buy or have their measures for shirts at Levy's champion linen, proved yoke shirt factory opposite the post office, as they are the best fitting, best made and a home enterprise, which should be encouraged, you will also find the best assortment of gentlemen's time-furnishing "Levy studies to please."

Everybody.
Wants to know where Bruster keeps, they have all heard that he sells goods cheaper and has the best selected stock in the State. He is agent for Dufonts powder, and has the only brick magazine in the city. All orders filled promptly at manufacturing prices. In great variety, gun material of all kinds. He takes pleasure in supplying the wants of his customers.

3 Pcs. good 1-2 hose for 25 cents.
6 White handkerchiefs for 25 cents.
Our unlaundered Linen Bosom shirt for 65 cents, worth \$1.00.
12 Spoils cotton 300 yards on a spool for 30 cents, at Wickett's Open Front Store, Wilmington street.

D. N. Sanders.
Beaufort, N. C., dealer in salt and fresh fish of every description, by pack or barrel. All orders accompanied with cash or reference, will receive prompt attention, and be filled at the lowest market prices. oct 4-11.

Wood.
Got your wood of J. D. Whitaker, at his yard at the western terminus of Hargett street. The pine wood which is cured by him in his steam kiln, is equal to oak, at considerably less cost to the consumer. His oak is the very best.

Removal—W. R. Pepper, the Original Restaurateur.
On January 1, 1879, will move to the Green Front Saloon, on Hargett street, his old place. The establishment is being re-modeled, refurbished and re-fitted, and will be one of the handsomest in the city. The best liquors will be kept in stock, and the choicest eating can always be had. Oysters served in every style.

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